



TEAM PERFORMANCE ESSENTIALS

Based on the research behind the concept of
Team Emotional Intelligence

'Name of Team'
25 September 2017

Introduction

This report presents your team's responses to the Team Emotional Intelligence Survey. The Team EI Survey assesses team member perceptions of how strongly the team is guided by a set of norms exhibited by the highest performing teams. Team norms are informal rules, expectations and habits that make behaviour in teams predictable. All teams have norms. In average-performing teams, norms tend to unconsciously emerge. High-performing teams deliberately develop effective norms.

Research shows a link between team performance and every norm in this survey. Still, because each team's context is unique, the report does not provide solutions or information about which norms are most important for a team. Nor does it provide a prescription for how any norm should be executed. The application of each norm should be adapted, by the team, to meet its unique needs.

We recommend that your team discuss the data in this report to decide which norms would be most helpful for improving its process and performance. Priorities for change and the actions that will support change work best when they emerge from team discussions and agreements about the norms and actions that will help the team achieve its goals.

Vanessa Urch Druskat, Ph.D. and Steven B. Wolff, D.B.A, developed the survey in 1999. It is based on over 20 years of research on emotional intelligence and team performance.

Contents	Page
Your Team Report	3
Interpreting and Using the Feedback	5
Team Performance Overview	6
Team Fundamentals	7
Team Emotional Intelligence Norms	10
Team Social Capital	16
Highest & Lowest Scoring Questions	19
Team EI Survey Report At-a-Glance	20
Responses to Open-ended Questions	21

Your Team Report

The Team Emotional Intelligence Survey measures the strength of your team in three essential areas that support team performance: Team EI Norms, Team Fundamentals, and Team Social Capital. These are explained below.

- **Team Fundamentals** provide a foundation for team performance but, by themselves, lead only to average performance.
- Assuming the Fundamentals are in place, operating with strong **Team EI Norms** will move the team from average performance to high performance by building Team Social Capital.
- **Team Social Capital** is an asset that increases commitment, improves the quality of team member interactions, and leads to high performance.

Team Emotional Intelligence Norms

Team Emotional Intelligence (Team EI) is defined as a team culture that builds a productive social and emotional environment (i.e., social capital) that leads to constructive interactions, collaborative work processes and team effectiveness. A Team EI culture is created by a set of nine norms.

Team EI differs from individual emotional intelligence, which focuses on individual behaviour. Team EI focuses on the team as a system and, specifically, on the team norms that affect behaviour in a team.

The 9 norms are divided into three categories that represent the three levels of interaction in the team:

Team Emotional Intelligence Norms

3 Levels	9 Norms
Individual	1. Understand Team Members
	2. Address Unacceptable Behaviour
	3. Demonstrate Caring
Team	4. Review the Team
	5. Support Expression
	6. Build Optimism
	7. Solve Problems Proactively
External	8. Understand Team Context
	9. Build External Relationships

Team Fundamentals

- Team Fundamentals are actions and processes shown by six decades of research to affect team performance. Without these fundamentals, teams struggle to reach even average levels of performance.
- Team Fundamentals include: clear goals and objectives, effective meeting processes, and clear roles and responsibilities for team members.
- They provide a foundation from which Team EI Norms facilitate higher performance.

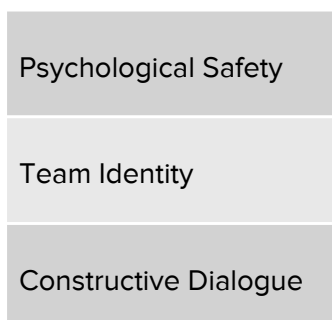
Team Fundamentals



Team Social Capital

Operating with Team EI Norms produces Team Social Capital, relational conditions that support team members' trust and engagement in the team. The survey includes three elements of social capital:

Team Social Capital



Team Social Capital is necessary for achieving high levels of collaboration and performance; however, it cannot be commanded or required of a team. It emerges from team member relationships and interactions, which are shaped by team norms.

Interpreting and Using the Feedback

The ratings in the report represent the average of all responses provided by team members. We recommend looking at the relative ratings across all of the norms and questions, rather than the averages alone. What are the team's relative strengths and opportunities for improvement? Keep in mind that every team is different and the relevance of specific norms will depend on the team's work.

The report also includes information about the **range** of member responses for each norm and each question. Long **range** bars usually mean that members are having different experiences in the team. This is important for understanding a team's challenges. For example, long **range** bars often reveal that some members feel respected and included in the team and some do not, which usually produces uneven participation and levels of engagement.

Avoid the trap of attempting to identify who provided specific responses. Guesses are usually inaccurate. Lower ratings frequently come from brave "truth tellers".

Purpose of the Survey

To:	Not to:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide data-driven information about a team's norms that can be used for development and improvement. • Generate team member dialogue that allows the team to take ownership for its norms and performance. • Help the team identify action steps that will best help it achieve its goals. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Focus on individual team members. • Blame team members or stakeholders.

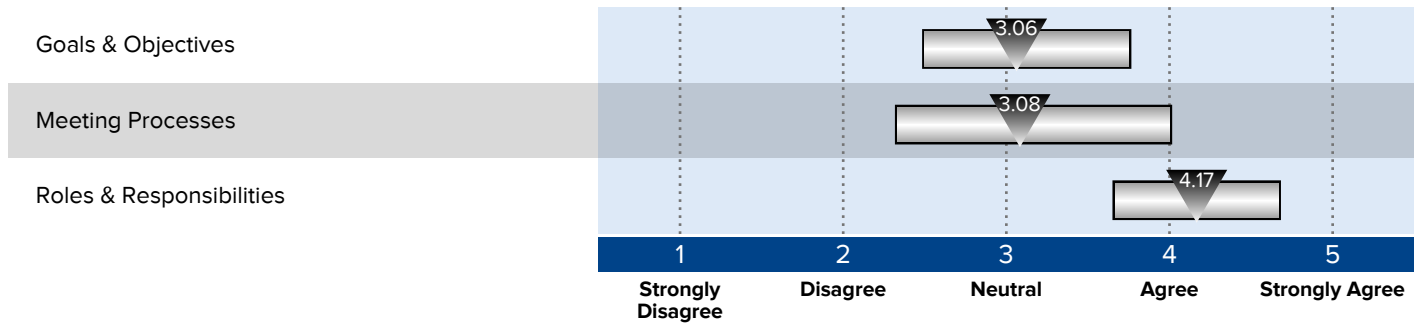
How to Read The Data

Scoring Key	How to read the graphs	Questions to ask when reading the data
1 - Strongly Disagree 2 - Disagree 3 - Neutral 4 - Agree 5 - Strongly Agree	<p>Each graph shows the mean score (average) in the middle of each bar.</p> <p>The length of the bar represents the range of team member ratings from the lowest rating to the highest rating. The distribution of ratings is not provided because it is not relevant to understanding team functioning. Even one person's view and behaviour can affect team collaboration and performance.</p>	<p>What do the data show to be your team's current strengths and opportunities for improvement?</p> <p>What patterns or themes emerge from the data?</p> <p>What stands out to you as behaviour that might be hindering your team's collaboration and performance?</p>

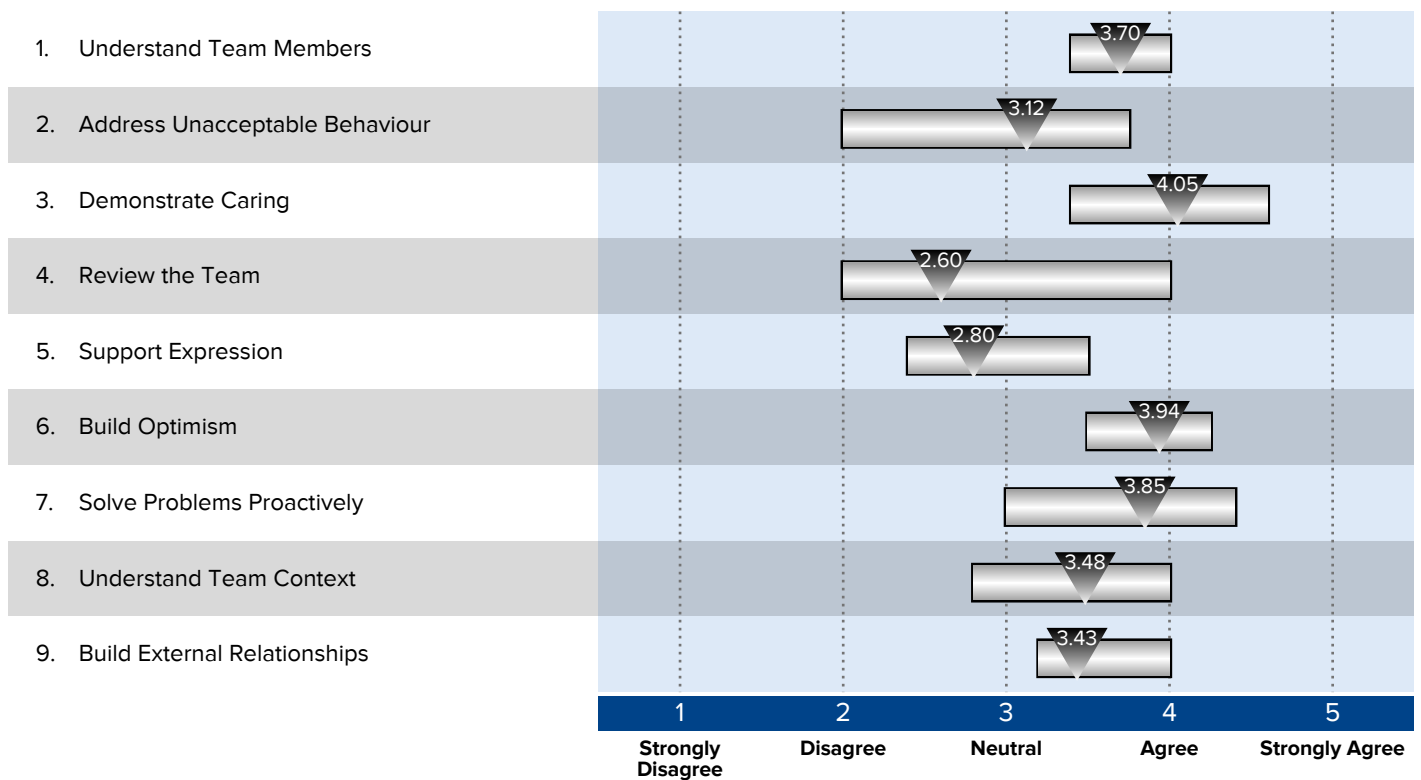
Team Performance Overview

KEY: The grey Bar represents the range of your team member responses.
 The Triangle represents the average of your team member responses.

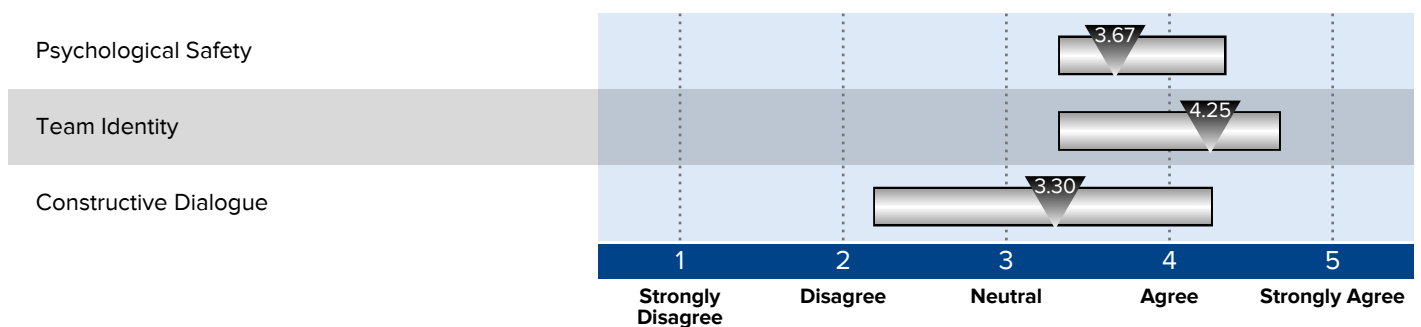
Team Fundamentals



Team Emotional Intelligence Norms

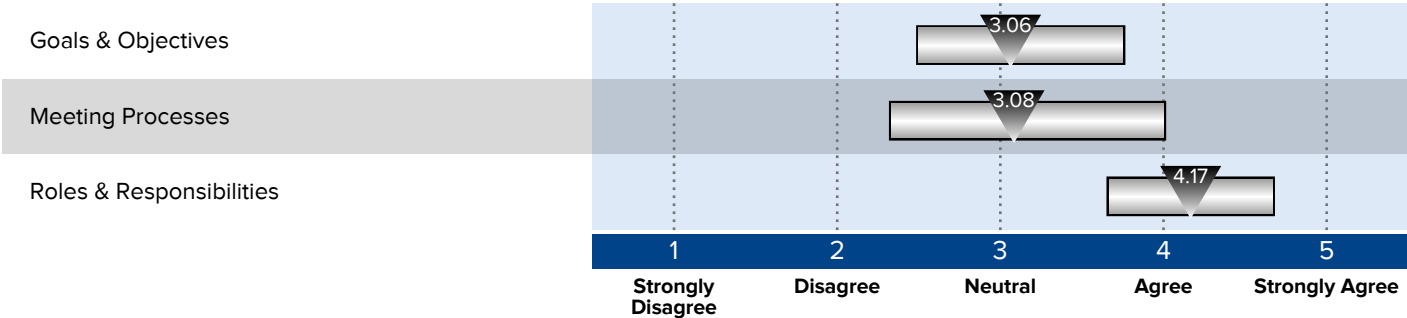


Team Social Capital



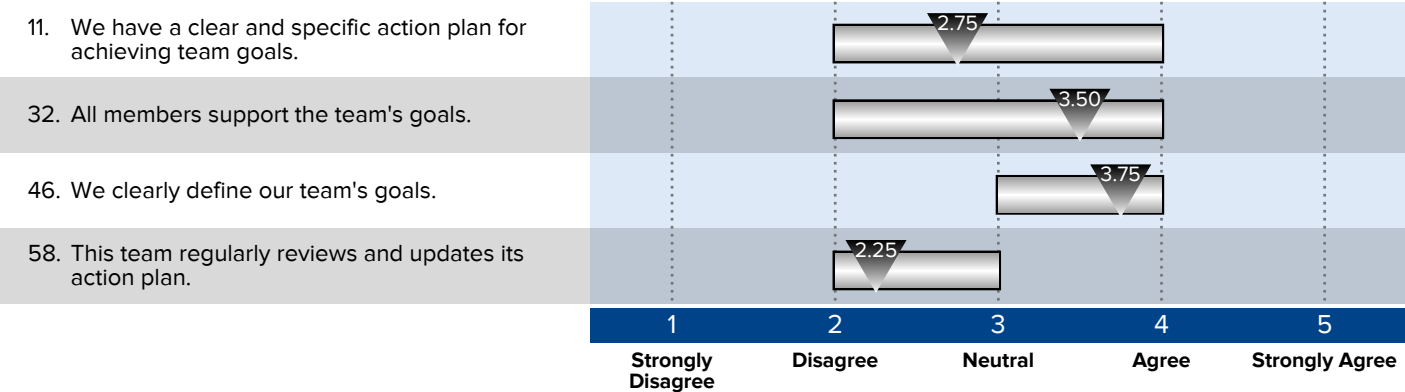
Team Fundamentals

The fundamentals consist of three actions and processes identified by six decades of research to be essential to a team's performance. Teams that do not build a strong foundation in these fundamental areas struggle to achieve even average levels of performance. Team Fundamentals provide a foundation from which Team EI Norms facilitate higher performance.



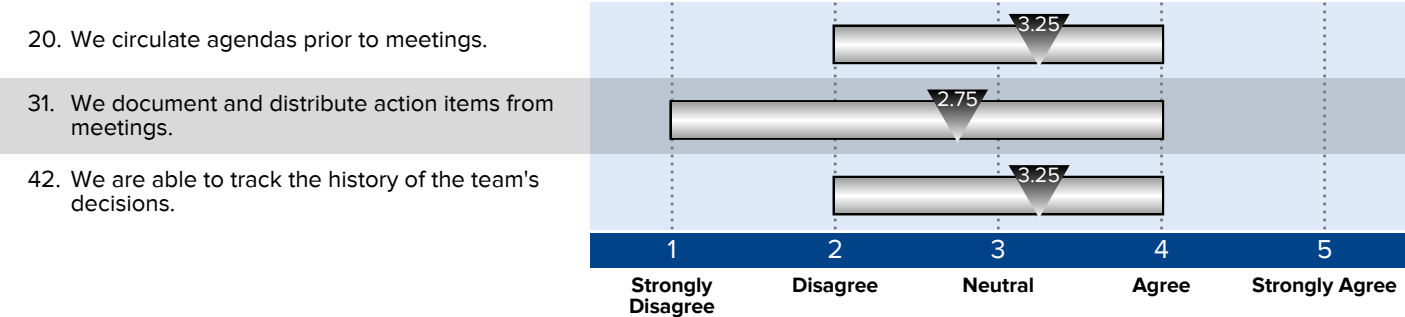
Goals & Objectives

The degree to which a team has shared goals and up-to-date action plans and timelines.



Meeting Processes

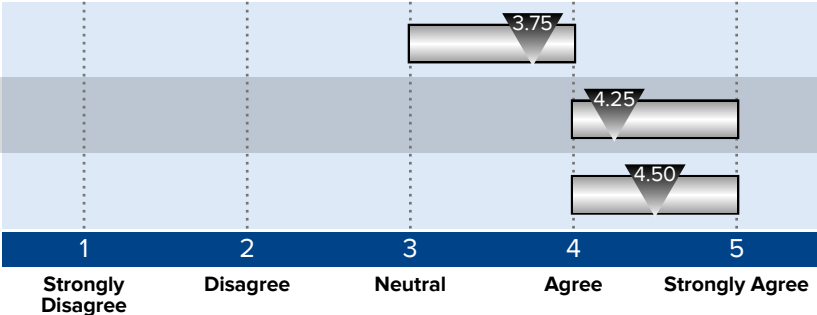
The degree to which a team organises productive meetings.



Roles & Responsibilities

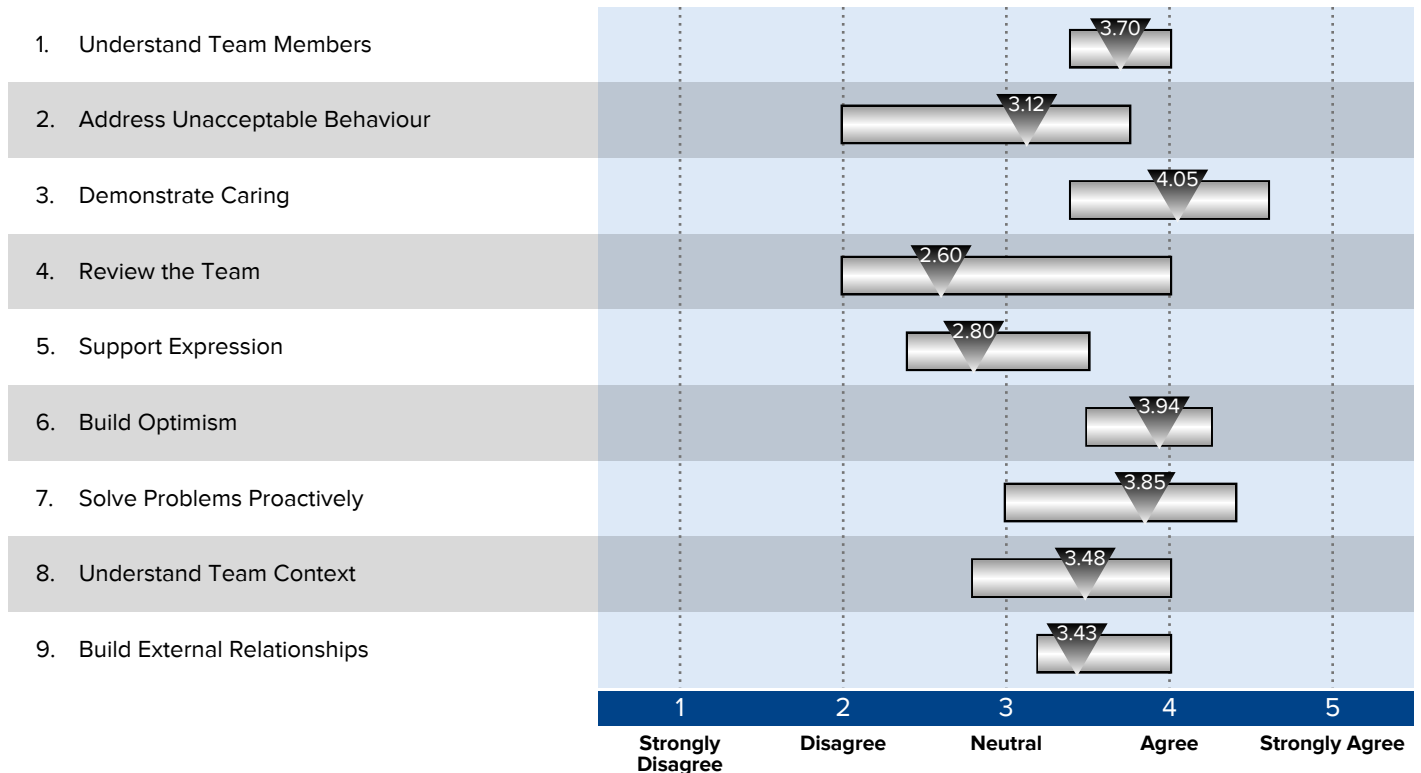
The degree to which a team defines clear role expectations for each team member.

- 9. Every member understands their role in this team.
- 16. Members understand what is expected of them in this team.
- 56. Members know their individual responsibilities in this team.



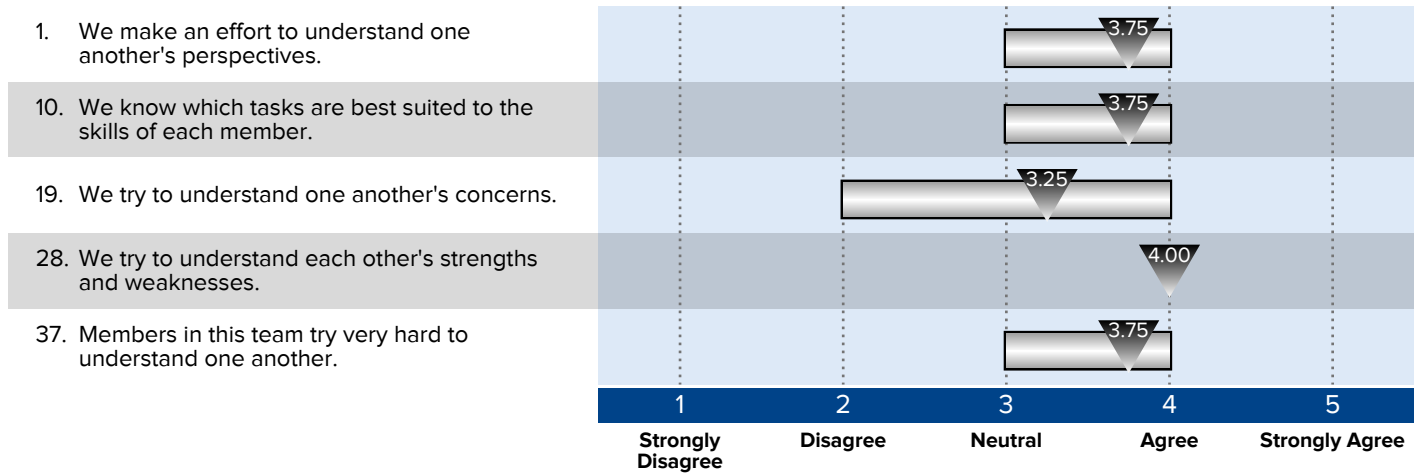
Team Emotional Intelligence Norms

Team Emotional Intelligence is defined as a team culture that builds a productive social and emotional environment (i.e., social capital) that leads to constructive interactions, collaborative work processes and team effectiveness. Team EI culture is created by the following set of nine norms:



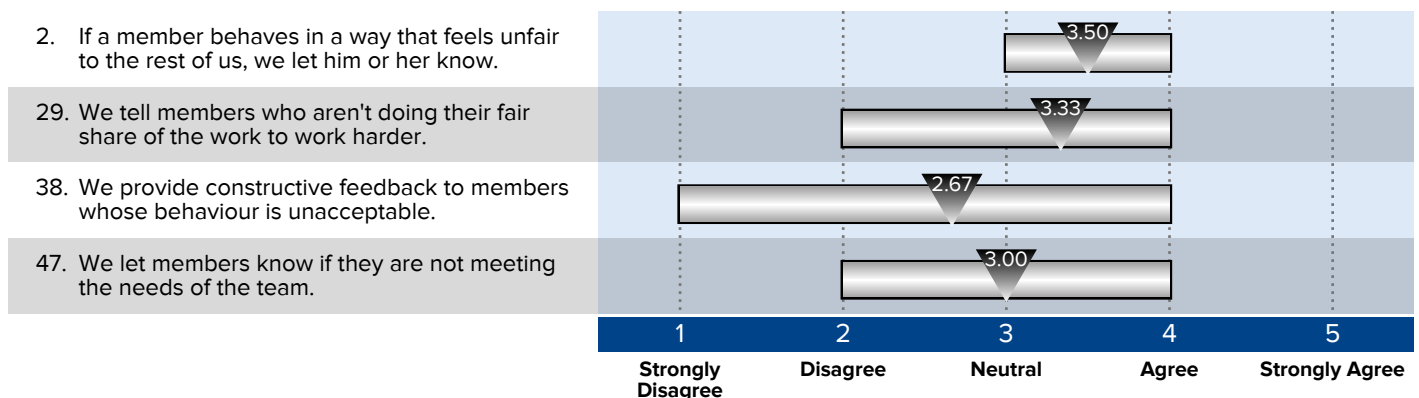
1. Understand Team Members

The degree to which a team attempts to understand the needs, perspectives, skills, and emotions of its members. This norm affects the team's ability to build team psychological safety and an inclusive team identity.



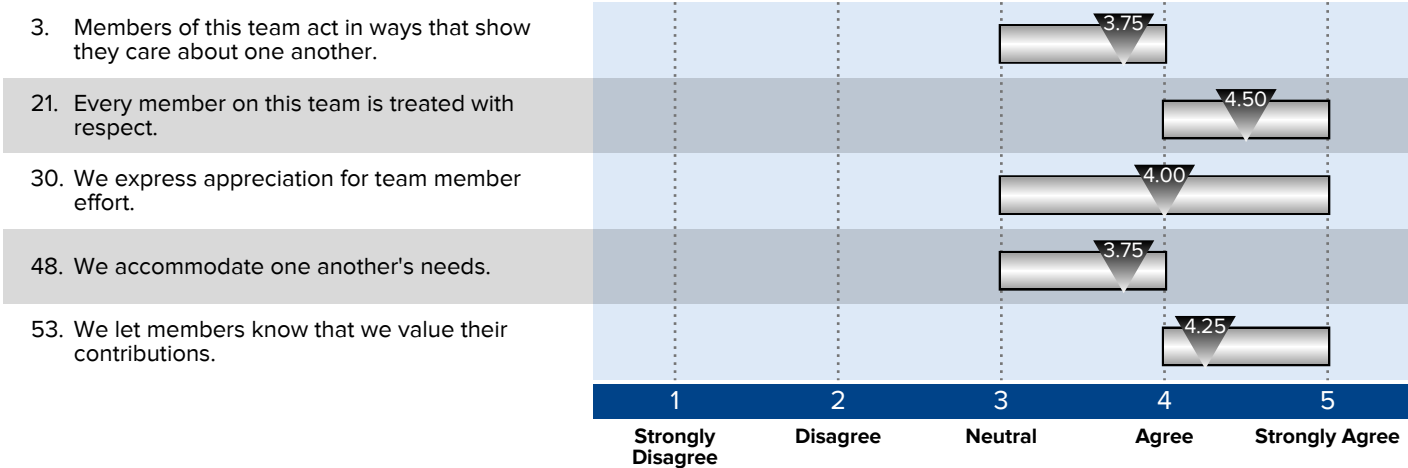
2. Address Unacceptable Behaviour

The degree to which a team addresses behaviour considered unacceptable or that harms team effectiveness. This norm affects team members' sense of accountability and builds team psychological safety.



3. Demonstrate Caring

The degree to which a team cares for, supports and involves team members by treating them with respect. This norm affects the team's ability to build team psychological safety and develop an inclusive team identity.



© 2017, GEI Partners & Ei World. All rights reserved.

For further information about High-Performing Teams and Team Emotional Intelligence, please consult:

W: eiworld.org | geipartners.com
